



Hypertension

Hypertension (high blood pressure) is when the force of blood flowing through your blood vessels is too high. The following is some general guidance about management.

BLOOD PRESSURE CATEGORY	SYSTOLIC mm Hg Top number		DIASTOLIC mm Hg Bottom number
ACCEPTABLE	LESS THAN 130	and	LESS THAN 80
MONITOR CLOSELY	130 - 139	and	81 - 89
NEEDS FOLLOW-UP	140 OR HIGHER	Oſ	90 OR HIGHER
CALL YOUR DOCTOR IMMEDIATELY	HIGHER THAN 180	and/or	HIGHER THAN 120

RISKS

Hypertension can cause:

- Heart attack
- Heart failure
- Stroke
- Kidney problems
- Vision problems
- Blood vessel disease

CALL ARC IF YOU HAVE BLOOD PRESSURES OVER 140/90 AND SYMPTOMS:

- Severe headaches
- Dizziness
- Leg swelling
- · Additional questions

CALL 911 IF YOU HAVE:

- · Chest pain
- · Shortness of breath
- · One-sided weakness
- Vision or speech changes

TIPS TO CONTROL YOUR BLOOD PRESSURE

- Check your blood pressure at home. Write the numbers down and bring the readings to all doctor visits.
- Take your medicines every day as prescribed. Let your doctor know if you have any side effects.
- Limit your salt intake to less than 2000 mg daily. Eat a diet high in green vegetables and fiber.
- Get 30 minutes of exercise most days of the week (like brisk walking).

CHECKING YOUR BLOOD PRESSURE

- Make sure to use a correctly sized cuff for your arm and to apply the cuff correctly using the instructions on the packaging (or ask someone on your healthcare team for help).
- Rest in a chair, feet flat on the floor, for
 5 minutes before taking reading.
- Check reading with your arm on a flat surface at heart level (sit calmly and don't talk during reading).
- Record your readings for your doctor and bring to all visits.

Blood Pressure Log

Measure blood pressure twice a day at about the same times every day.

Date	AM	PM	Date	АМ	PM

 $American \ Heart \ Association. \ (n.d.). \ The \ Facts \ About \ High \ Blood \ Pressure. \ https://www.heart.org/en/health-topics/high-blood-pressure/the-facts-about-high-blood-pressure.$